



BF-440/480

**4/8 ports serial To TCP/IP Converter
Module**

User's Guide

2005

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1. Getting to Know your BF-440/480

1.1 Introduction

BF-440/480 serial device servers are designed to make your industrial serial devices Internet ready instantly. The compact size of BF-440/480 device servers makes them the ideal choice for connecting your RS-232 or RS-422/485 serial devices—such as PLCs, meters, and sensors—to an IP-based Ethernet LAN, making it possible for your software to access serial devices anywhere over a local LAN or the Internet.

BF-440/480 serial device servers ensure the compatibility of network software that uses a standard network API (Winsock or BSD Sockets) by providing TCP Server Mode, TCP Client Mode, and UDP Mode. And using Chiyu's virtual COM drivers, software that works with COM ports can be set up to work over a TCP/IP network in no time. This excellent feature preserves your software investment and lets you enjoy the benefits of networking your serial devices instantly.

BF-440/480 serial device servers support automatic IP configuration protocols (DHCP, BOOTP) and manual configuration via Chiyu's web browser console. Both methods ensure quick and effective installation. BF-440/480 support special design for PPPoE + DDNS that could let your device to connect to Internet without static IP address.

1.2 Main features

Package Checklist

BF-440/480 is shipped with the following items:

Standard Accessories

- . 1 BF-440/480 8-port serial device server
- . Document & Software CD
- . Quick Installation Guide
- . Product Warranty Booklet

Optional Accessories

- . Power adaptor

NOTE: Notify your sales representative if any of the above items is missing or damaged.

Product Features

BF-440/480 enjoys the following features:

- . Make your serial devices Internet ready
- . Versatile socket operation modes, including TCP Server, TCP Client, and UDP
- . Easy-to-use Windows Utility for mass installation
- . Supports 10/100 Mbps Ethernet—auto detectable
- . 6 port RS-232, one RS-232/485 port and one RS-232/485/422 port(for BF480)
- . 2 port RS-232, one RS-232/485 port and one RS-232/485/422 port(for BF440)
- . Built-in 15 KV ESD protection for all serial signals
- . BF-440/480 has 2 KV isolation protection

Product Specifications

Hardware	CPU	16 bit CPU, 100MHz		
	Memory	256 KB ROM & 1MB SDRAM		
	Watch Dog	Support watch Dog, system never halt		
	Reset Button	Multi-function for system restart and factory default reset		
Interface	Ethernet			
	1 RJ-45 Port	10/100Base-T, half/full duplex, Auto Cross Over, 1.5 KV Magnetic protected		
	Serial			
	Port	Interface	Port Type	signals protection
	COM1	RS-232	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, RTC, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, GND 15KV ESD
	COM2	RS-232/485	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND (RS-232) D+, D- (RS-485) 15KV ESD
	COM3	RS-232/485/422	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND (RS-232) D+, D- (RS-485) T+, T-, R+, R- (RS-422) 15KV ESD
	COM4	RS-232	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND 15KV ESD
	COM5	RS-232 (BF-480)	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND 15KV ESD
	COM6	RS-232 (BF-480)	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND 15KV ESD
	COM7	RS-232 (BF-480)	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND 15KV ESD
	COM8	RS-232 (BF-480)	Screw Terminal	TxD, RxD, GND 15KV ESD
	Baud rate	1200 bps ~ 230.4Kbps		
Configuration	Ethernet			
	Static IP/DHCP Client/PPPoE			
	Serial			
	Parity Check	None, even, odd, Mark, Space		
	Data bits	5, 6, 7, 8		
Stop bits	1, 2			
Flow Control	RTS/CTS, XON/XOFF			
Supported OS	Windows XP, Windows 2000, Windows NT, Windows 95/98 ME, Linux, UNIX			
Protocol	TCP, IP, UDP, Telnet, ARP, DHCP, ICMP, SMTP, PPPoE, HTTP, DDNS			
Management	Support TCP/UDP Server/Client mode			
	User name & password protected for web management			
	Built-in Http server for set up and remote management via any browser easily			
	Support backup & restore system configuration data			
Power & Environment	Support Windows 95/98/ME/NT/2000/XP/2003 virtual COM drivers			
	Power requirement	DC 9-30V, 500mA		
	Operation Temp.	0 ~ 55°C		
	Operation Humidity	5 ~ 95%RH		
	Storage Temp.	-20 ~ 85°C		
	Size	81X103X30 mm		
	Magnetic protected	Ethernet port 1.5 KV		
Approval	FCC, CE			

The following are the main features of BF-440/480

TCP/UDP server/client support

The BF-440/480 support three types of connection: TCP server, TCP client and UDP , user can select one of types to meet application requirement.

DHCP Client

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) client obtains the TCP/IP configuration at start-up from a centralized DHCP server, which means it can get IP address, an IP default gateway and DNS server.

PPP Over Ethernet

PPPoE is a protocol for connecting remote hosts to the Internet over DSL connection by simulating dial-up connection.

Dynamic DNS

With dynamic DNS support, you can have a static hostname alias for a dynamic IP address, allowing the host to be more easily accessible from various locations on the Internet.

Auto-negotiating 10/100Mbps Ethernet

The Ethernet interface automatically detects if it is on a 10 or a 100 Mbps Ethernet.

Full Network Management via Web

This feature allows you to access or manage device through IE or Netscape on any platform. The firmware also can be upgraded via Web browser.

Backup and Restore configuration

This feature allows you to backup system configuration to a file and restores it, for the security issue, the file which backup from system is an encryption format.

Firmware Upgrade

BF-440/480 support two ways of firmware upgrade: one is through Web browser such as IE or Netscape, another is through Xmodem protocol.

1.3 Applications for BF-440/480

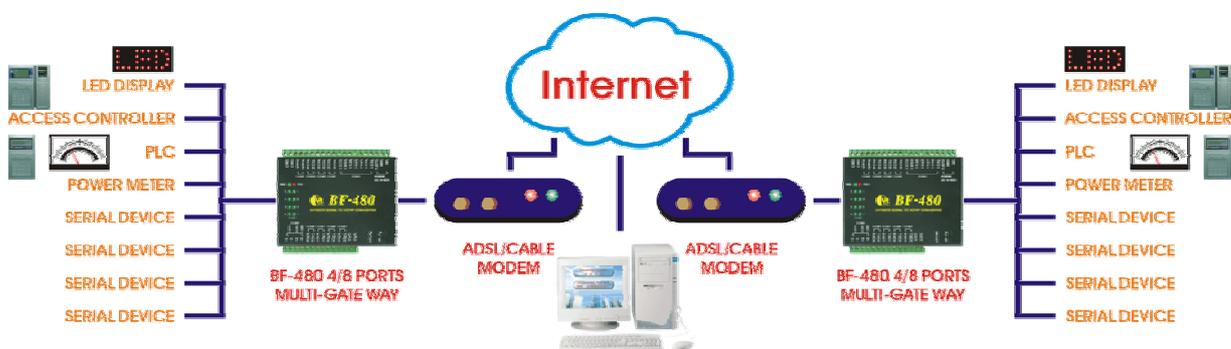


Figure 1 Standalone BF-440/480's application through Internet

2. Hardware Installation & Initial Setup

2.1 Hardware Installation

BF-440



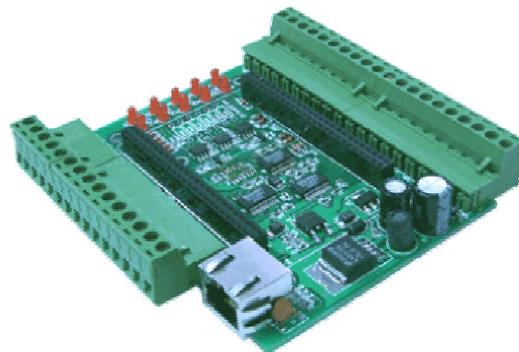
BF-480



BF-440/480M



Testing Board



2.2 LED status

LED	Color(s)	Activity	Desc.
Power	Red	Off	Power OFF
		Red Blinking	Booting/System Self-Test
		Red On	Device Ready
Ethernet (on the RJ-45 connector)	Link Green	Off	No Ethernet Link
		Green On	Ethernet Link established
	SPD Green	Off	10 Mbps
		Green	100 Mbps
	ACT Green	Off	No data activity
		Green Blinking	Transmitting/Receiving
Transaction	Link Green	Off	No TCP/IP session link
		Green On	TCP/IP session link established
		Green Blinking	Data Sending/Receiving between Serial and Ethernet
COM Port No.1-8	Green	Blinking	Data Sending/Receiving through this COM port

2.3 Initial Setup

Use this section to set up your computer to assign it a static IP address in the 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.254 range with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. This is necessary to ensure that your computer can communicate with your BF-440/480.

Your computer must have an Ethernet card and TCP/IP installed. TCP/IP should already be installed on computer using Windows 98/2000/XP and later operating systems.

Note: Connect a computer to BF-440/480 Ethernet port directly should be with crossover Ethernet cable, if both connect to hub/switch should be with straight-through Ethernet cable.

2.3.1 Installing the TCP/IP Protocol

If you are not sure whether the TCP/IP Protocol has been installed, follow these steps to check, and if necessary, install TCP/IP onto your PCs.

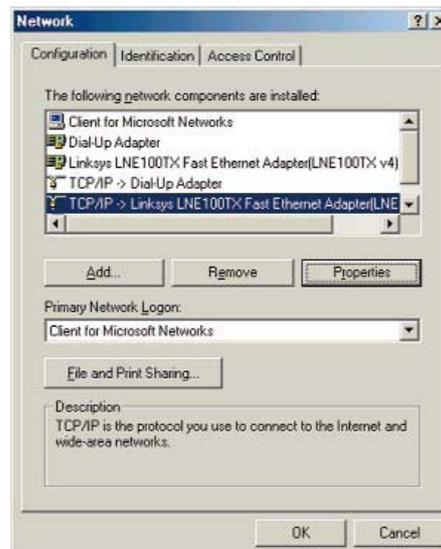
Step 1 : Click the **“Start”** button. Choose **“Settings”**, then **“Control Panel”**. Double-click the **“Network Connections”** icon. Your Network window should appear as follows:



Step 2 :

For Windows 98 and Millennium

On the **“Configuration”** tab (if using Windows 98 and Millennium PCs), select the **TCP/IP** line for the applicable Ethernet adapter. Do not choose a TCP/IP entry whose name mentions PPPoE, VPN. If the word **TCP/IP** appears by itself, select that line. Click the **Properties** button.



Important:

For Windows 2000 & Windows XP Setting, you will find that they differ with Windows 98/ME/NT slightly. See the following for reference.

For Windows XP and Windows 2000

Click the **“Local Area Connection”** icon on the lower right hand side of your desktop screen.



In the **“Local Area Connection Status”** window, click the **“Properties”** button then your Network window will appear.



There are two tabs, **“General”** and **“Support”**, in the Network window.

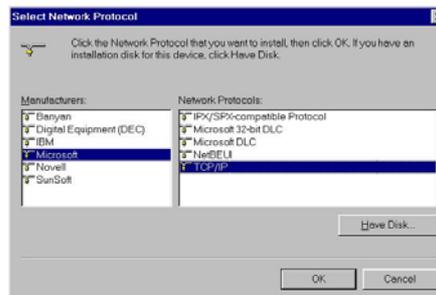
Step 3 : Check whether the TCP/IP Protocol has already been installed onto your computer's Ethernet card. Note that TCP/IP Protocol can be installed for a computer's Dial-Up Adapter as well as for the Ethernet card.

- * If yes, go to section 2.3.2.
- * If no, click the **“Install”** button.

Step 4 : Double-click **“Protocol”** in the Select Network Component Type or highlight **“Protocol”** then click **“Add”**.



Step 5 : Highlight **“Microsoft”** under the list of manufacturers. Double-click **“TCP/IP”** from the list on the right or highlight **“TCP/IP”** then click **“OK”** to install TCP/IP.



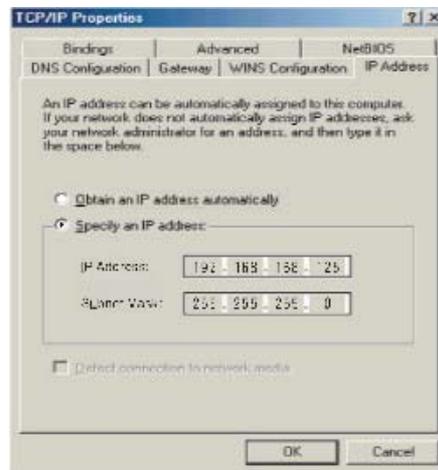
Step 6 : After a few seconds, you will be returned to the Network window. The TCP/IP Protocol should now be on the list of installed network components (see 3 above).

2.3.2 Fixed IP Addresses Configuration

For Windows 98 and Millennium

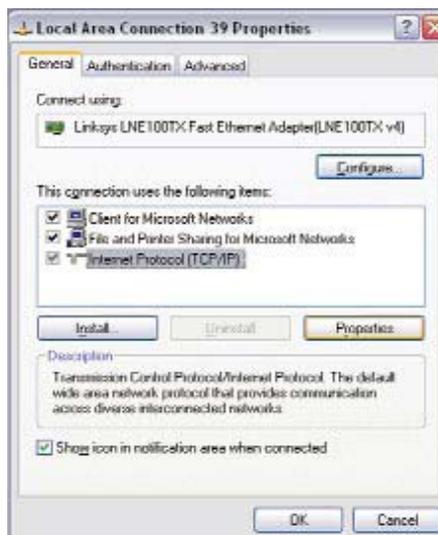
Step 1 : To set up computers with fixed IP Addresses, click the **“Properties”** button. The TCP/IP Properties window consists of several tabs. Choose the **“IP Address”** tab as shown below.

Step 2 : Select **“Specify an IP address”** and enter **“192.168.0.xxx”** (the default value of BF-440/480 is 192.168.0.125) in the **“IP Address”** location (where xxx is a number between 1 and 254 used by the High-Performance BF-440/480 to identify each computer), and the default **“Subnet Mask”** **“255.255.255.0”**. Note that no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address.

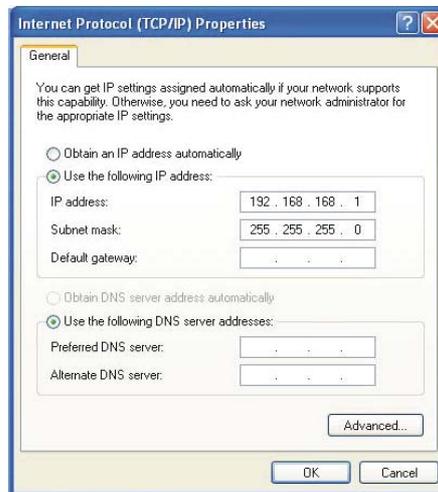


For Windows XP and Windows 2000

Step 1 : Make sure the box next to Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) is checked. Highlight **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**, and click the **Properties** button



Step 2 : Select **“Specify an IP address”** and enter **“192.168.0.xxx”** (the default value of BF-440/480 is 192.168.0.125) in the **“IP Address”** location (where xxx is a number between 1 and 254 used by the High-Performance BF-440/480 to identify each computer), and the default **“Subnet Mask” “255.255.255.0”**. Note that no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address.



Click **“OK”**. to complete the TCP/IP installation.

2.3.3 Configure your BF-440/480

Step 1 : Open your web browser and type <http://192.168.0.125> in the browser's *address box*. This address is the factory set IP Address of your BF-440/480. Press **“Enter”**.

Step 2 : The **“Username and Password required”** prompt box will appear. Typing **“admin”** (default username) in the Username field and typing **“admin”** (default password) in the Password field. Click **“OK”**. The setup screen will then appear.



Step 3 : It is highly recommended you change the default username and password when you login successfully first time.

Note: Don't forget click **Apply** button to save your changing when you complete your configuration setting each time, the BF-440/480 will restart automatically in 10 seconds with your new setting.

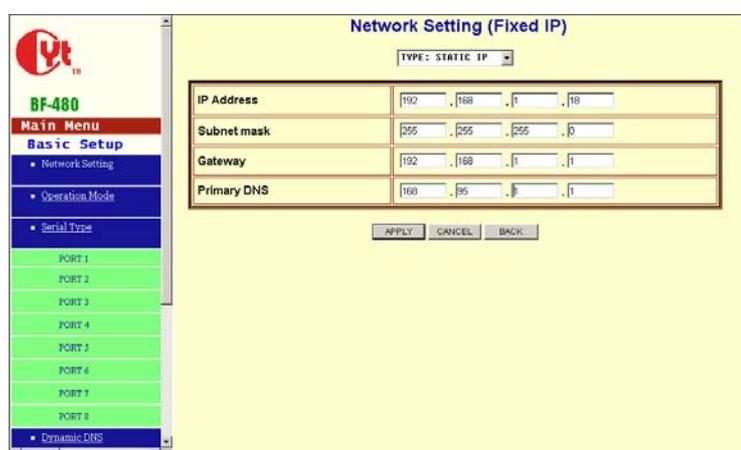
3. BF-440/480 Configuration Setup

This chapter will show you how to configure BF-440/480 to function in your network and gain access to your device through Intranet or Internet.

3.1 Network setting

The BF-440/480 support three IP connection types: Static IP, DHCP and PPPoE. These types are listed in the drop-down menu for the IP Configuration setting. Each setup screen and available features will differ depending on what kind of IP connection types you select. Default is Static IP

Static (or Fixed) IP



IP Address

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.0.xxx	192.168.0.125	Required

Subnet mask

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0	Required

Gateway

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.0.1	192.168.0.254	Optional

A device that interconnects networks with different, incompatible communications protocols. For correct gateway IP address information, consult the network administrator. BF-440/480 need to know the IP address of the gateway device in order to communicate with the hosts outside the local network environment.

Primary DNS

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 168.95.1.1	168.95.1.1	Optional

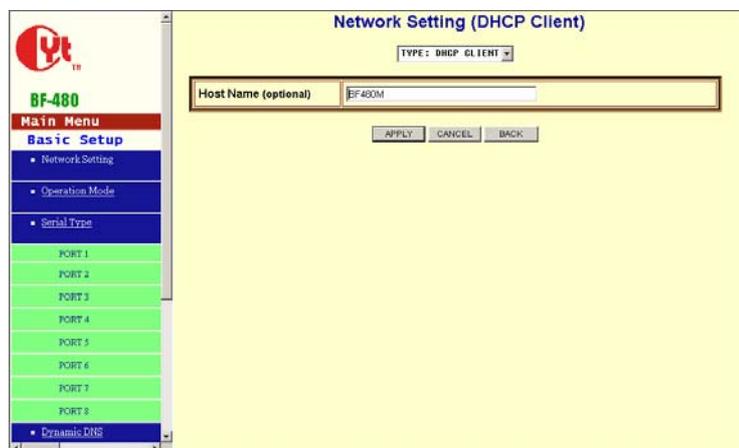
The Domain Name System (DNS) is the way that Internet domain names are located and translated into Internet Protocol (IP) addresses.

When the user wants to visit a particular website, the computer asks a Domain Name System (DNS) server for the website's correct IP address, and the computer uses the response to connect to the web server. DNS is the way that Internet domain names are identified and translated into IP addresses. A DNS server is a host that translates this kind of text-based domain name into the numeric IP address used to establish a TCP/IP connection.

If you are connecting through a static or fixed IP from your network environment, perform these steps :

- Step 1:** Enter IP address
- Step 2:** Enter Subnet mask
- Step 3:** Enter Gateway IP address
- Step 4:** Enter Primary DNS IP address
- Step 5:** click Apply button

DHCP



Host Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
max length is 15 characters	CHIYU	Optional

If there is a DHCP Server existing in your network environment or you subscribe a CABLE service from your ISP, you can set IP configuration to DHCP to get a dynamic IP address. The **Host Name** is an *optional* item, depending on your DHCP Server setting.

Note 1: to gain CABLE service, you also need to change the MAC address of BF-440/480 to the MAC address of register in ISP. Please refer to Chapter 4 Device Admin/Mac Address Change

PPPoE

User Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
max length is 47 characters	None	Required

Password

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
max length is 35 characters	None	Required

Service Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
max length is 47 characters	None	Optional

If you subscribe a DSL service with PPPoE connection from ISP, you can set IP configuration to PPPoE to get a dynamic IP address. Your ISP will provide you the **User Name** and **Password**, some ISP will also need the **Service Name** to authenticate. But this item is optional and depending on your ISP.

Close Connection when Idle Time Over (second)

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
0 to 65535 seconds	0	Required

If you want to keep the connection always on between BF-440/480 and your ISP, then set the value of item **Close Connection When Idle Time Over** to 0, otherwise, when the idle time of no any traffic on line is over the setting value, BF-440/480 will terminate this PPPoE connection.

PPPoE with Fixed IP Address

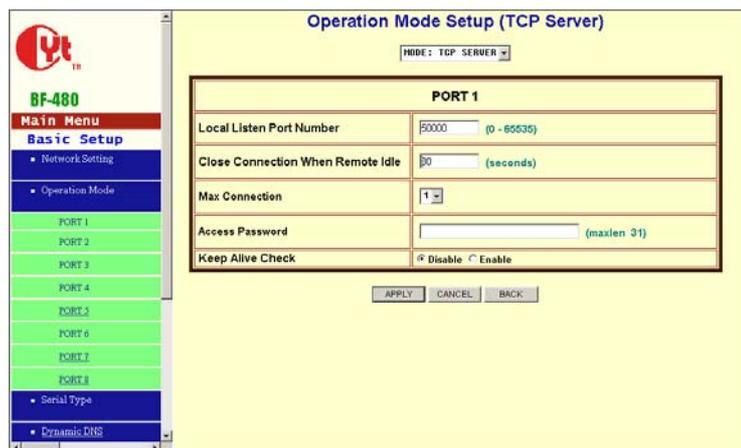
Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Disable/Enable with IP address xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Disable	Required

If your ISP can provide you fixed IP address when PPPoE connection established each time, you can select **PPPoE with Fixed IP Address** as ENABLE and enter the IP address given from ISP.

3.2 Operation mode

The BF-440/480 support three operation mode: TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP . These modes are listed in the drop-down menu for the Operation Mode setting. Each setup screen and available features will differ depending on what kind of operation mode you select. Default is TCP Server.

TCP Server



Listen Port Number

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
0 to 65535	50000	Required

If your device is acted as passive to accept commands from remote and the data be guaranteed to be received by peer is your concern, then you can set BF-440/480 as TCP Server. Be sure the value of item **Listen Port Number** is same as your remote control application using.

Close Connection When Remote Idle

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
0 to 65535 seconds	30	Required

If you want to keep the connection between BF-440/480 and your remote control application always on, then set the value of item **Close Connection When Remote Idle** to 0, otherwise, when the idle time of no any traffic on line reach the setting value, BF-440/480 will terminate this connection.

Access Password

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
max password length is 31 characters	None	Optional

For security concern, you can input **Access Password** to protect your device, BF-440/480 will authenticate whether this TCP connection is valid by this password.

Keep Alive Check

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Disable/Enable	Disable	Required

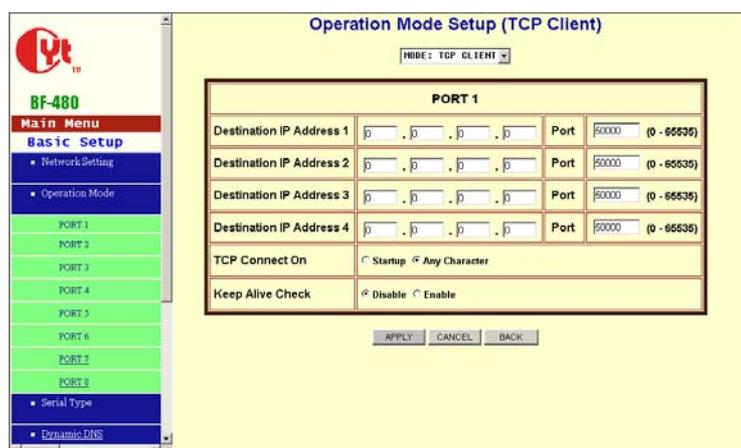
Disable: Disable the check of TCP connection is still alive or not.
 Enable: BF-440/480 automatically send a Ping request to peer per each 30 seconds, the TCP connection will be terminated if no response of Ping reply from peer.

Max TCP Connection

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
1,2,3,4	1	Required

The allowed TCP connections accept by BF-440/480 simultaneously. It is usually used when user needs to receive data from different hosts simultaneously. When multiple hosts establish TCP connection to BF-440/480 at the same time, it will duplicate serial data and transmit to all hosts. When data comes from Ethernet port, it is sent on first-in-first-out basis to serial port.

TCP Client



Destination IP Address1&Port

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.0.1	None	Required
0 to 65535	50000	Required

Destination IP Address23/4&Port

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.0.1	None	Optional
0 to 65535	None	Optional

If your device is acted as active to report real-time status to remote and the data be guaranteed to be received by peer is your concern, then you can set BF-440/480 as TCP Client. Be sure the value of item **Port** is same as your remote control application using and set the correct value of **Destination IP Address**.

TCP Connect On

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Start up/Any Character	Any Character	Required

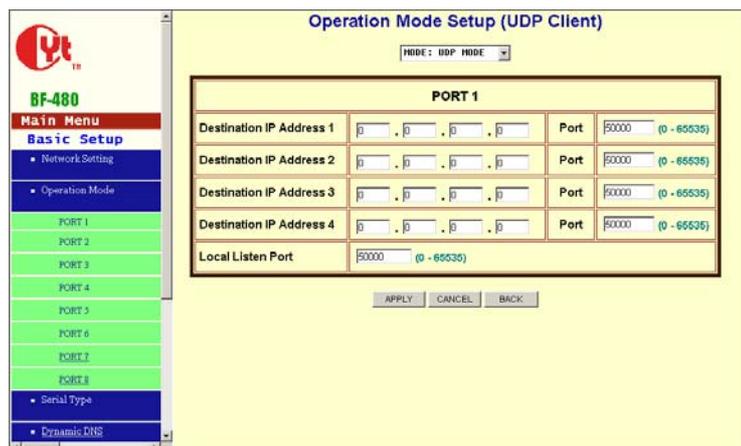
Start Up means BF-440/480 attempts to establish a TCP connection as soon as powered on. Any Character means BF-440/480 attempts to establish a TCP connection as soon as starts receiving data from serial port.

Keep Alive Check

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Disable/Enable	Disable	Required

Disable: Disable the check of TCP connection is still alive or not.
 Enable: BF-440/480 automatically send a Ping request to peer per each 30 seconds, the TCP connection will be terminated if no response of Ping reply from peer.

UDP Mode



Destination IP Address1&Port

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.0.1	None	Required
0 to 65535	50000	Required

Destination IP Address2/3/4&Port

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.0.1	None	Optional
0 to 65535	None	Optional

If your device is acted as active to report real-time status to remote and the data be guaranteed to be received by peer is your concern, then you can set BF-440/480 as UDP Mode. Be sure the value of item **Port** is same as your remote control application using and set the correct value of

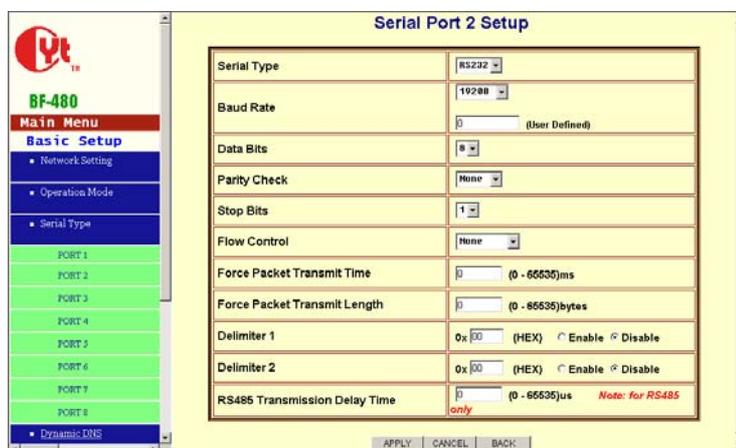
Local Listen Port

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
0 to 65535	50000	Required

The UDP port that BF-440/480 listens to, and that other devices must use to contact BF-440/480.

3.3 Serial Type

The BF-440/480 support three serial types: RS232, RS422 and RS485, These types are listed in the drop-down menu for the Serial Type setting. Each setup screen and available features will differ depending on what kind of Serial Types you select. Default is RS232



Serial Type

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
RS232/RS485/RS422	RS232	Required

- COM Port 1: RS232
- COM Port 2: RS232/RS485
- COM Port 3: RS232/RS485/RS422
- COM Port 4: RS232
- COM Port 5: RS232
- COM Port 6: RS232
- COM Port 7: RS232
- COM Port 8: RS232

Baud Rate

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
1200bps to 230.4Kbps/ Others	19200	Required

BF-440/480 support customized baud rate setting. Select **Others** in the drop-down list and input the baud rate value as you want in the field.

Data Bits

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
5,6,7,8	8	Required

Parity Check

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
None, even, odd	None	Required

Stop Bits

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
1,2	1	Required

Flow Control

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
None, CTS/RTS, Xon/Xoff	None	Required

Force Packet Transmit Time

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
0 to 65535 (ms)	0	Required

This parameter defines the time interval during which BF-440/480 fetches the serial data from its internal buffer. If there is incoming data through the serial port, BF-440/480 stores data in the internal buffer. BF-440/480 transmits data stored in the buffer via TCP/IP, but only if the internal buffer is full or if the force transmission time interval reaches the time specified as Force Transmit timeout.

Delimiter 1

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Disable/Enable with 0x00 to 0xFF	Disable	Required

Delimiter 2

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Disable/Enable with 0x00 to 0xFF	Disable	Required

Once receive delimiter 1 or both delimiters through its serial port, BF-440/480 immediately packs all data currently in buffer and send it to Ethernet port.

Force Packet Transmit Length

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
0 to 65535 (bytes)	0	Required

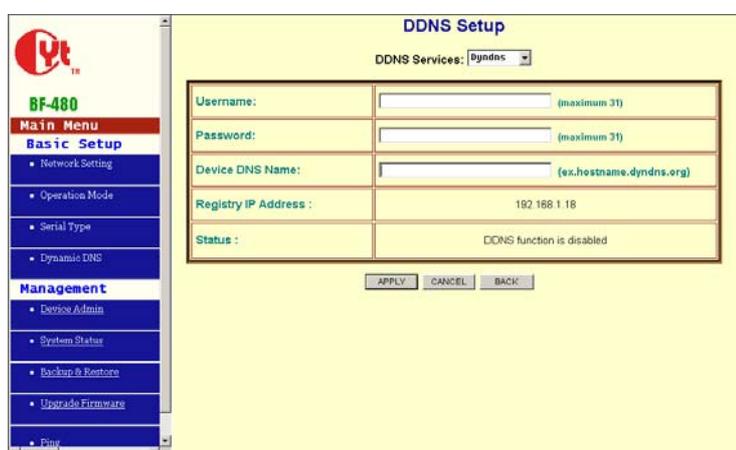
This parameter defines the transmission data length during which BF-440/480 fetches the serial data from its internal buffer. If there is incoming data through the serial port, BF-440/480 stores data in the internal buffer. BF-440/480 transmits data stored in the buffer via TCP/IP, but only if the internal buffer is full or if the length of incoming data reaches the length specified as Force Transmit Length.

3.4 Dynamic DNS

The BF-440/480 offers a Dynamic Domain Name System (DDNS) feature. DDNS lets you assign a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP address. It is useful when you want to access your device through Internet without static IP address. Before you can use this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service at www.dyndns.org or www.tzo.com, two DDNS service provider. This service default is disabled.

If your DDNS service is provided by DynDNS.org, then select **DynDNS** in the drop-down menu. If your DDNS service is provided by TZO, then select **TZO**. The features available on the DDNS screen will vary, depending on which DDNS service provider you use. (Detail sees Appendix B)

Dyndns.org



User Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 31 characters	None	Required

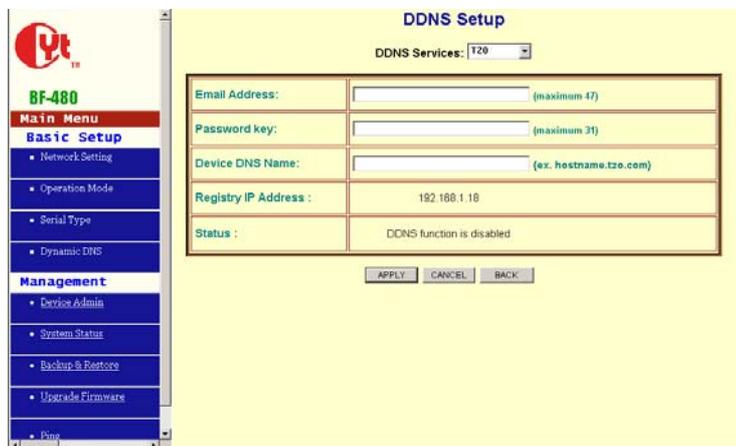
Password

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 31 characters	None	Required

Device DNS Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., chiyu.dyndns.org	None	Required

Tzo.com



Email Address

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., eric@chiyu-t.com.tw	None	Required

Password Key

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 31 characters	None	Required

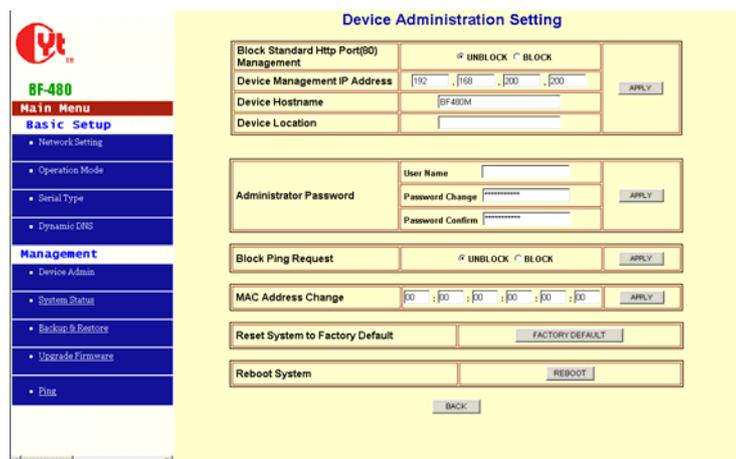
Device DNS Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., chiyu.tzo.com	None	Required

4. BF-440/480 Management Setup

This chapter will show you how to manage BF-440/480's access setting as well as configure E-mail alert and firmware upgrade.

4.1 Device Admin



Block Standard Http Port (80) Management

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
UNBLOCK/BLOCK	UNBLOCK	Required

If for some reason, the HTTP (80) service is blocked in your network environment and result to fail to configure or manage BF-440/480, then you select **BLOCK** this function with using port **8080**, instead of standard port 80. So you should enter: <http://192.168.168.125:8080> in your Web browser.

Device Management IP Address

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 192.168.200.xxx	192.168.200.200	Optional

In case, you forgot the BF-440/480's IP address you configured, this management IP can be used to connect to BF-440/480 via Web browser to find what's the current IP address.

In case, you set BF-440/480's IP Configuration as DHCP or PPPoE which will assign dynamic IP address to BF-440/480, you also can use this management IP address to find what's the current working IP address in Intranet or Internet.

Note: If you forgot the IP address setting even management IP address, please use the broadcast utility we offer in CD to search it.

Device Hostname

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 15 characters	CHIYU	Optional

To describe the name of BF-440/480 for manage purpose.

Device Location

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 15 characters	None	Optional

To describe the location of BF-440/480 for manage purpose.

Administrator Password/User Name

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 47 characters	admin	Required

Administrator Password/Password

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 35 characters	admin	Required

Administrator Password/Password Confirm

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
Max length 35 characters	None	Required

To ensure the BF-440/480's security, you will be asked for your password when you access the BF-440/480's Web-based Utility.

- **User Name:** Enter the user name to the one of your choice.
- **Password:** It is recommended that you change the default password to the one of your choice.
- **Password Confirm:** Re-enter the BF-440/480's new Password to confirm it.

Block Pin Request

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
UNBLOCK/BLOCK	UNBLOCK	Required

To prevent hacker intruding your network, check the **BLOCK** option to enable this function to reject the PING requests from Internet.

MAC Address Change

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
E.g., 00.0e.e3.10.20.30	None	Optional

The BF-440/480's MAC address can be changed from the original values if necessary. Some ISPs require users to change the MAC address to a registered one when users change their access equipment. (Detail sees Appendix B)

Reset System to Factory Default

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
None	None	Optional

Click “**Apply**”, if you want to return all the BF-440/480’s current settings to its factory default.

Note: do not restore the factory defaults unless it is absolutely necessary.

Reboot System

Setting	Factory Default	Necessity
None	None	Optional

Click “**Apply**”, if you want to clear a connection, reboot, and re-initialize the unit without affecting any of your configuration setting.

4.2 System Status

This screen shows the BF-440/480’s current status. All of the information provided is read-only.



Product Name: the product model name of this BF-440/480.

Firmware Version: the installed version of the firmware.

System up Time: the time of system from start up to current.

Management IP Address: the current setting of management IP.

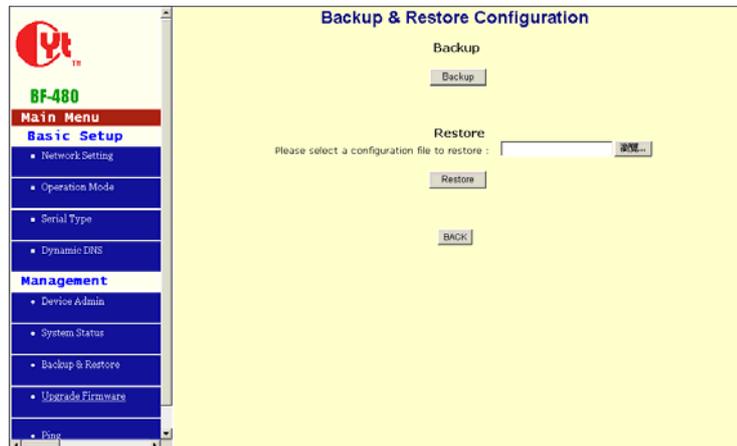
Ethernet Status: the BF-440/480’s IP Configuration, MAC address, IP address, subnet mask, default gateway IP address, primary DNS IP address and current connection status.

Serial Status: the BF-440/480’s setting in serial type for each COM Port

Statistic: the transmission and receive bytes and packets count in Ethernet and Serial port separately.

4.4 Backup and Restore

This function allows you to save BF-440/480's configuration as backup, or retrieve the configuration file you saved before to turn the setting back.

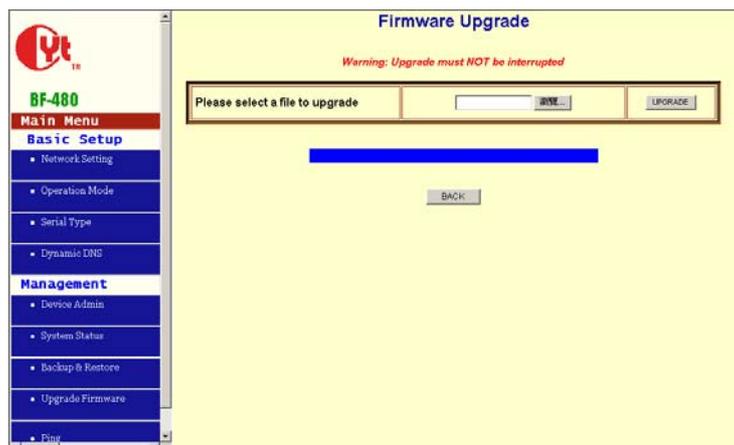


- **Backup:** Click “Backup” button save the current configuration as a backup file in your hard disk.
- **Restore:** Enter path of the configuration file you saved on the PC. You can click “Browse” to view the folders and select the file. Click “Restore” to retrieve it.

Note: the sub-name of file you retrieve must be “.cfg”

4.5 Upgrade Firmware

This function allows you to upgrade the latest version firmware to keep your BF-440/480 up-to-date. Before you upgrade the firmware, you have to get the latest firmware and save it on the PC you use to configure the BF-440/480.



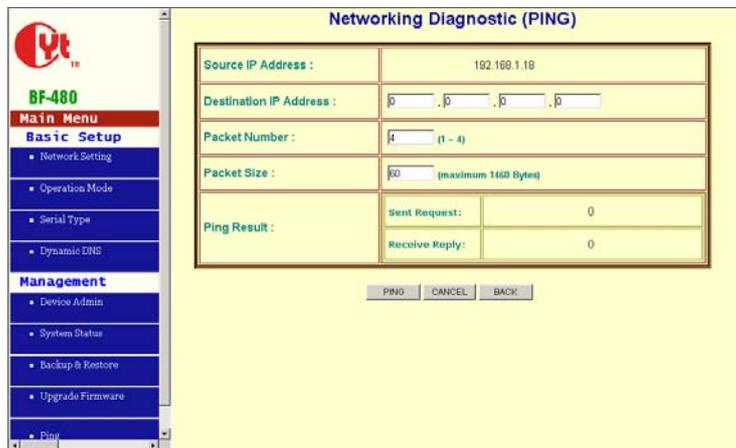
Browse: To select a file to upgrade, you have to enter path of the latest firmware you saved on the PC. You can choose “**Browse**” to view the folders and select the firmware.

Upgrade: After you enter or select the path, click “**Upgrade**” to start the firmware upgrade process.

Note: *don't power off the router during the firmware upgrading, otherwise the incompleteness of firmware upgrading will cause serious damage to the integrity of the BF-440/480's firmware that will lead to fail to boot the BF-440/480 again.*

4.6 Ping

This function allows you to test the connection between BF-440/480 and LAN or between BF-440/480 and Internet.



Networking Diagnostic (PING)	
Source IP Address :	192.168.1.19
Destination IP Address :
Packet Number :	1 (1 - 4)
Packet Size :	60 (maximum 1460 Bytes)
Ping Result :	Sent Request: 0
	Receive Reply: 0
<input type="button" value="PING"/> <input type="button" value="CANCEL"/> <input type="button" value="BACK"/>	

Source IP Address: the current BF-440/480's IP address (Read Only).

Destination IP Address: the IP Address of destination device you want to ping.

Packet Number: the packet numbers you wish to use to ping the destination device. The maximum numbers are 4.

Packet Size: the numbers of packet size you wish to use to ping the destination device. The maximum packet sizes are 1400.

Ping Result: The result will show the numbers of sending packet, numbers of packet receiving (Read Only).

5. Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	CORRECTIVE ACTION
None of the LEDs turn on when you turn on the BF-440/480	Make sure that you have correct power connected to BF-440/480 and plugged in to an appropriate power source. Check all cables connections. If the LEDs still do not turn on, you may have a hardware problem. In this case, you should contact your local vendor.
Can not access BF-440/480 from Ethernet	Check cable connection between BF-440/480 and computer or hub. Ping BF-440/480 from computer. Make sure your computer Ethernet card is installed and functioning properly.
Can not ping any computer on the LAN	If the 10/100M LED are off, check the cable connection between BF-440/480 and your computer. Verify that the IP address and subnet mask of the B-480 and computer are in the same IP address range.
Can not access BF-440/480 from Serial	Check the Serial cable connection between BF-440/480 and your device. Verify that the BF-440/480 setting of Serial type is same as your device and make sure the hardware jumper is in the correction position.

Appendix A: Hardware Reset Button

BF-440/480 provides a hardware reset button with multi-functions as below:

Reset Button

Mode	Action	Result
System in working mode	Push reset button one time	System restart right away
	Keeping push reset button 2-3 seconds	System reset to factory default
System power on	Push reset button one time	System reset to factory default
	Keeping push reset button 2-3 seconds	System running in boot loader and waiting for firmware upgrade in COM 1 by Xmodem(57600,n,8,1,No flow control).

Appendix B: DDNS

Internet actually runs on IP Addresses which are numerical order, for example “63.208.196.100”. These IP Address identify the location of each device connected to Internet. However, the human brain does not easily remember this numbering system, so a system that allocate domain name such as “www.dyndns.org” provides an easier method. If you type “63.208.196.100” or “www.dyndns.org” in the web browser’s address bar, the browser will show the same web page. This is because both methods relate to the same web server. The “**Domain Name Servers**” used to manage the Internet will translate “www.dyndns.org” into the IP Address “63.208.196.100” in order to allow your browser to find the web server and display the correct web page in your browser.

If your “IP Configuration”, as shown in 3.2 section, is “PPPoE”, or “DHCP” with dynamic IP address assigned by ISP, your IP address may change each time you initiate the connection to your ISP. The DDNS function will help to map your IP address to your domain name when your ISP assigns a new dynamic IP Address.

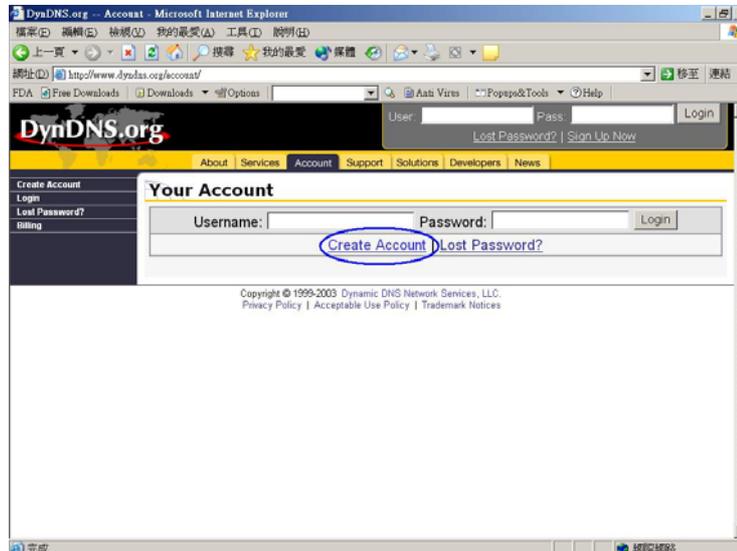
Note that this DDNS function acts as the client appliance of DDNS service and is only able to be use in conjunction with the service provided by DynDNS.org and TZO.com. Before you begin using this function, you will need to apply to DynDNS.org or TZO.com to be able to use the service. Please visit www.dyndns.org or www.tzo.com for further information.

How to register from Dyndns.org

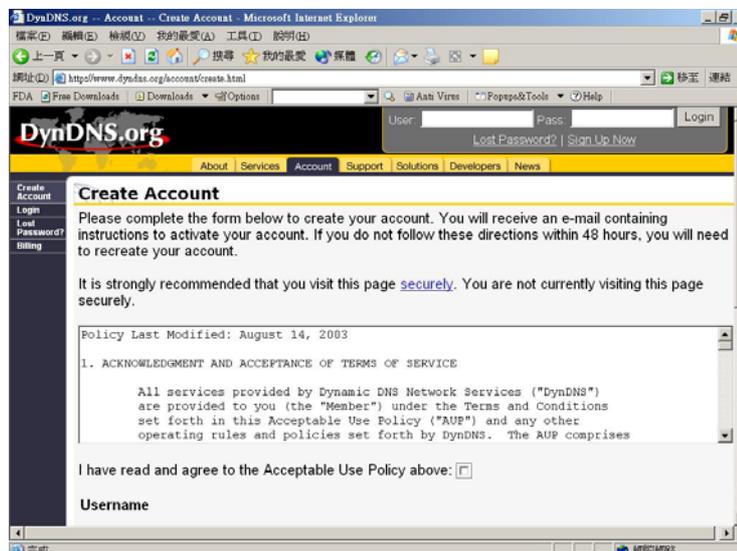
Step 1: Enter the web side www.dyndns.org in Browser, click the tab of **Account**.



Step 2: click **Create Account**.



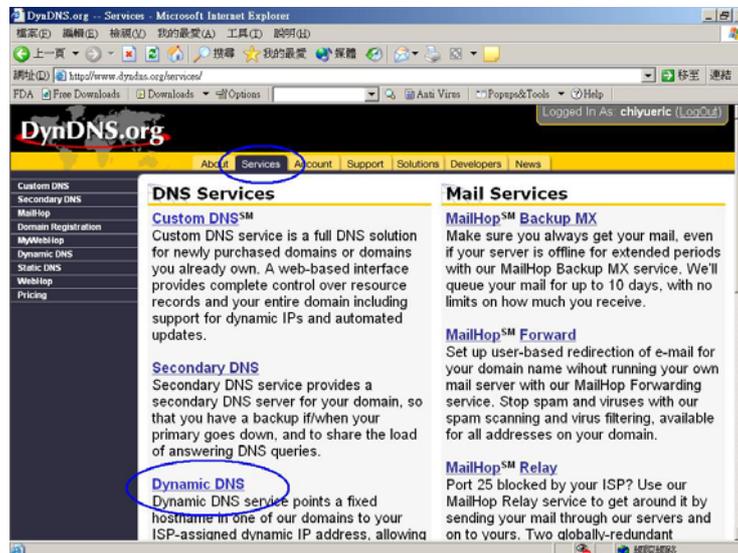
Step 3: Fill the field of Username , E-mail and Password. You will receive an e-mail containing instructions to activate your account.



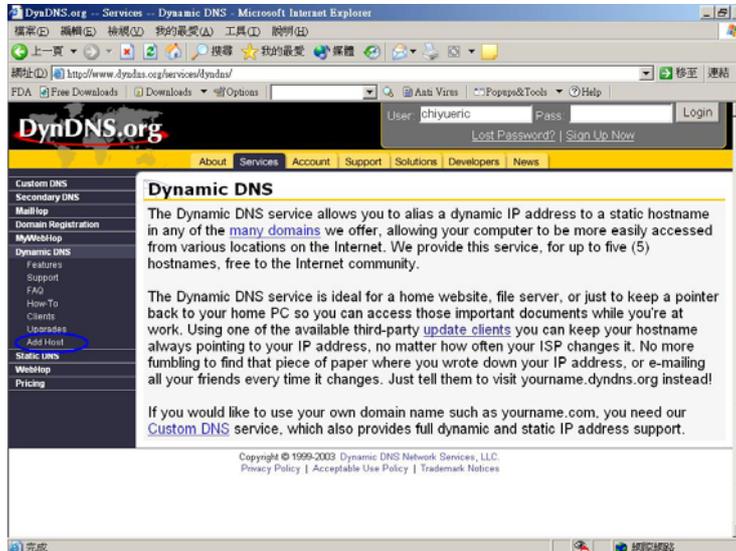
Step 4: Once you receive the confirmed e-mail, **login** with your Username and Password.



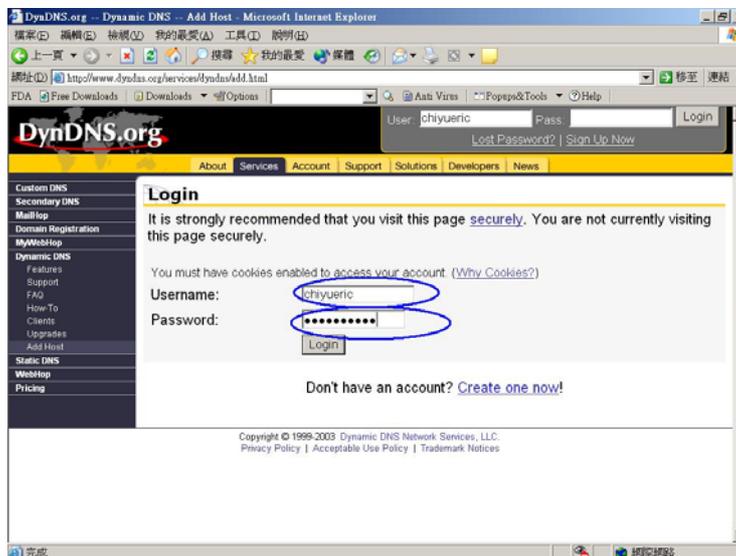
Step 5: Click the tab of **Services**, then click **Dynamic DNS**.



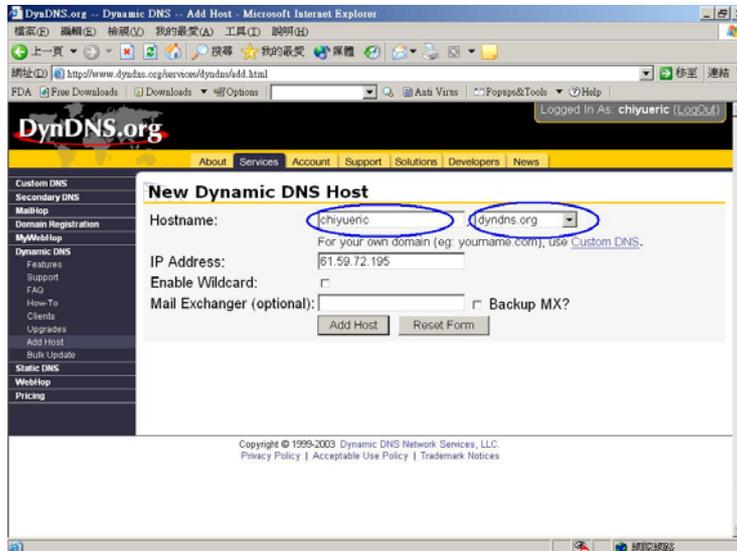
Step 6: select **Add Host** in the left side of screen.



Step 7: Login again with your **Username** and **Password**.



Step 8: Enter the **Hostname** you want to use and select **dyndns.org** from the drop-down menu, click the button of **Add Host** to finish register.



Step 9: now you should enter the Username, Password and Hostname (named Device DNS Name in BF-440/480) into BF-440/480 to enable this function.

How to register from TZO.com

Step 1: Enter the web side www.tzo.com in Browser, select the **Order/Renew** from top screen.



Step 2: You can choice what's kind of service you need, here we suggest the **Standard TZO** with 1 year of service

Order/Renew

Order / Renewing a TZO service online

Most of our clients prefer to order on-line through a secure connection. Choose the TZO service you wish to order from the list below and click on the appropriate link to place your order. (You can also order by phone, fax, or mail.)

If you already have a TZO service and need to renew your subscription, simply re-order the service. Please note that we offer some [special pricing packages](#).

Standard TZO

The Standard TZO Service provides you with an unchanging sub-domain name within our TZO domain (for example YOURNAME.TZO.COM) which is linked to a dynamic IP address. [see description](#)

1 year of service	\$24.95	Order/renew this service
2 years of service	\$39.95	Order/renew this service

Premier TZO

The Premier TZO Service provides you with an unchanging domain name (for example YOURNAME.COM) which is linked to a dynamic IP address. With this service someone can connect to your domain through your domain name even though you have a dynamic IP address. [see description](#)

When you subscribe to this service and if you have not registered a top-level domain name we can do that for you; you can use our [online domain registration form](#). The cost to register a domain is \$35 a year. For more information about shorter or longer registration periods please see the domain information on this web site.

Step 3: Select the first radio button, click **Continue** button.

TZO.com

home domains control panel about us

Order/Renew | Download | Products | Support

Order/Renew

TZO secure order system total \$24.95 number of items 1

How did you get our TZO client software?
(If you don't have it yet, [click here to download it now.](#))

From the TZO download site or from another download site such as Tucows, WebAttack, etc.

It's included with my Nexland router.

From the CD included with my Linksys product

It's included with my Serv-U FTP server

It's included in my E-Tech, Ugate, Equinox Internet Broadband Gateway/router.

From the download site that Linksys directed me to

Step 4: Enter the TZO name you want to register, such as chiyu.tzo.com, and your E-mail address which can reach you. If you don't have a TZO name yet, please check the box under the field of E-mail address, click **Continue with order**

TZO.COM

home domains control panel about us

Order/Renew Download Products Support

Order/Renew

TZO secure order system total \$24.95 number of items 1

Please complete the first step by telling us the following information

What is your TZO name?

What email address did you use when you registered your TZO name?
(Windows users can find this information in the TZO client. Linux users can look in the configuration file.)

I don't have a TZO name yet, or I'm not certain what it is.

PLEASE NOTE:
 A TZO name is a sub-domain of TZO.COM, TZO.NET, or other domains which are listed in the TZO client. Please mail support@TZO.COM if you have questions.
 If you don't have a TZO name, you should register and get a TZO name before you go any further. You can [Download TZO](#) or use the [TZO Control Panel](#) to register and get a TZO name. You'll need a TZO name to use most of our services!

Continue with order

Step 5: complete the form with your information TZO want.

Order/Renew

TZO secure order system total \$24.95 number of items 1

Please complete the first step by telling us the following information

Next, please tell us about yourself, and please include all the information. We ask you nothing more than what's necessary for us to process your order.

For your address please use your current credit card or bank billing address. (The address where your credit card or bank statements are sent each month)

Your first name:

Your last name:

Your company name: (if applicable)

Street address: (the billing address of the credit card)

Address 2: (the billing address of the credit card)

City: (the billing address of the credit card)

Step 6: TZO will send an e-mail letter to inform your TZO key, please enter these information including E-mail address, TZO key and TZO name (named Device DNS Name in BF-440/480) into BF-440/480 to enable this service.

Appendix C: Glossary

10BaseT - An Ethernet standard that uses twisted wire pairs.

100BaseTX - IEEE physical layer specification for 100 Mbps over two pairs of Category 5 UTP or STP wire.

Adapter - Printed circuit board that plugs into a PC to add to capabilities or connectivity to a PC. In a networked environment, a network interface card (NIC) is the typical adapter that allows the PC or server to connect to the intranet and/or Internet.

Auto-MDI/MDIX - On a network hub or switch, an auto-MDI/MDIX port automatically senses if it needs to act as a MDI or MDIX port. The auto-MDI/MDIX capability eliminates the need for crossover cables.

Auto-negotiate - To automatically determine the correct settings. The term is often used with communications and networking. For example, Ethernet 10/100 cards, hubs, and switches can determine the highest speed of the node they are connected to and adjust their transmission rate accordingly.

Browser - A browser is an application program that provides a way to look at and interact with all the information on the World Wide Web or PC. The word "browser" seems to have originated prior to the Web as a generic term for user interfaces that let you browse text files online.

Cable Modem - A device that connects a computer to the cable television network, which in turn connects to the Internet. Once connected, cable modem users have a continuous connection to the Internet. Cable modems feature asymmetric transfer rates: around 36 Mbps downstream (from the Internet to the computer), and from 200 Kbps to 2 Mbps upstream (from the computer to the Internet).

CAT 5 - ANSI/EIA (American National Standards Institute/Electronic Industries Association) Standard 568 is one of several standards that specify "categories" (the singular is commonly referred to as "CAT") of twisted pair cabling systems (wires, junctions, and connectors) in terms of the data rates that they can sustain. CAT 5 cable has a maximum throughput of 100 Mbps and is usually utilized for 100BaseTX networks.

CTS (Clear To Send) - An RS-232 signal sent from the receiving station to the transmitting station that indicates it is ready to accept data.

Data Packet - One frame in a packet-switched message. Most data communications is based on dividing the transmitted message into packets. For example, an Ethernet packet can be from 64 to 1518 bytes in length.

Default Gateway - The routing device used to forward all traffic that is not addressed to a station within the local subnet.

Download - To receive a file transmitted over a network. In a communications session, download means receive, and upload means transmit.

Dynamic IP Address - An IP address that is automatically assigned to a client station in a TCP/IP network, typically by a DHCP server. Network devices that serve multiple users, such as servers and printers, are usually assigned static IP addresses.

Ethernet - IEEE standard network protocol that specifies how data is placed on and retrieved from a common transmission medium. Has a transfer rate of 10 Mbps. Forms the underlying transport vehicle used by several upper-level protocols, including TCP/IP and XNS.

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) - Allows a network device with a dynamic Internet IP address to have a fixed host and domain name, such as *myhostname.mydomainname.com*. It is useful when you are hosting your own website, FTP server, or other server behind a router, so people can find your site no matter how often the Internet IP address changes. Using DDNS requires registering with a DDNS service provider on the Internet.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) - A protocol that lets network administrators centrally manage and automate the assignment of Internet Protocol (IP) addresses in an organization's network. Using the Internet's set of protocol (TCP/IP), each machine that can connect to the Internet needs a unique IP address. When an organization sets up its computer users with a connection to the Internet, an IP address must be assigned to each machine. Without DHCP, the IP address must be entered manually at each computer and, if computers move to another location in another part of the network, a new IP address must be entered. DHCP lets a network administrator supervise and distribute IP addresses from a central point and automatically sends a new IP address when a computer is plugged into a different place in the network. DHCP uses the concept of a "lease" or amount of time that a given IP address will be valid for a computer. The lease time can vary depending on how long a user is likely to require the Internet connection at a particular location. It's especially useful in education and other environments where users change frequently. Using very short leases, DHCP can dynamically reconfigure networks in which there are more computers than there are available IP addresses. DHCP supports static addresses for computers containing Web servers that need a permanent IP address.

DNS - The Domain Name System (DNS) is the way that Internet domain names are located and translated into Internet Protocol (IP) addresses. A domain name is a meaningful and easy-to-remember "handle" for an Internet address.

Domain - A sub network comprised of a group of clients and servers under the control of one security database. Dividing LANs into domains improves performance and security.

Firmware - Code that is written onto read-only memory (ROM) or programmable read-only memory (PROM). Once firmware has been written onto the ROM or PROM, it is retained even when the device is turned off.

Full Duplex - The ability of a device or line to transmit data simultaneously in both directions.

Gateway - A device that interconnects networks with different, incompatible communications protocols.

Half Duplex - Data transmission that can occur in two directions over a single line, but only one direction at a time.

Hardware - Hardware is the physical aspect of computers, telecommunications, and other information technology devices. The term arose as a way to distinguish the "box" and the electronic circuitry and components of a computer from the program you put in it to make it do things. The program came to be known as the software.

Hub - The device that serves as the central location for attaching wires from workstations. Can be passive, where there is no amplification of the signals; or active, where the hubs are used like repeaters to provide an extension of the cable that connects to a workstation.

HTTP (HyperText Transport Protocol) - The communications protocol used to connect to servers on the World Wide Web. Its primary function is to establish a connection with a Web server and transmit HTML pages to the client browser.

MAC Address - The MAC (Media Access Control) address is a unique number assigned by the manufacturer to any Ethernet networking device, such as a network adapter, that allows the network to identify it at the hardware level.

Mbps (MegaBits Per Second) - One million bits per second; unit of measurement for data transmission.

IP Address - In the most widely installed level of the Internet Protocol (IP) today, an IP address is a 32-bit binary number that identifies each sender or receiver of information that is sent in packets across the Internet. When you request an HTML page or send e-mail, the Internet Protocol part of TCP/IP includes your IP address in the message (actually, in each of the packets if more than one is required) and sends it to the IP address that is obtained by looking up the domain name in the Uniform Resource Locator you requested or in the e-mail address you're sending a note to. At the other end, the recipient can see the IP address of the Web page requestor or the e-mail sender and can respond by sending another message using the IP address it received.

IPCONFIG - A utility that provides for querying, defining and managing IP addresses within a network. A commonly used utility, under Windows NT and 2000, for configuring networks with static IP addresses.

ISP - An ISP (Internet service provider) is a company that provides individuals and companies access to the Internet and other related services such as website building and virtual hosting.

Packet - A unit of data routed between an origin and a destination in a network.

Network Mask - Also known as the "Subnet Mask."

NIC (Network Interface Card) - A board installed in a computer system, usually a PC, to provide network communication capabilities to and from that computer system. Also called an adapter.

RJ-45 - A connector similar to a telephone connector that holds up to eight wires, used for connecting Ethernet devices.

Server - Any computer whose function in a network is to provide user access to files, printing, communications, and other services.

SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) - The standard e-mail protocol on the Internet. It is a TCP/IP protocol that defines the message format and the message transfer agent (MTA), which stores and forwards the mail.

Ping (Packet INternet Groper) - An Internet utility used to determine whether a particular IP address is online. It is used to test and debug a network by sending out a packet and waiting for a response.

Port - A pathway into and out of the computer or a network device such as a switch or router. For example, the serial and parallel ports on a personal computer are external sockets for plugging in communications lines, modems, and printers.

PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) - PPPoE is a method for the encapsulation of PPP packets over Ethernet frames from the user to the ISP over the Internet. One reason PPPoE is preferred by ISPs is because it provides authentication (username and password) in addition to data transport. A PPPoE session can be initiated by either a client application residing on a PC, or by client firmware residing on a modem or router.

Subnet Mask - The method used for splitting IP networks into a series of subgroups, or subnets. The mask is a binary pattern that is matched up with the IP address to turn part of the host ID address field into a field for subnets.

TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) - A method (protocol) used along with the IP (Internet Protocol) to send data in the form of message units (datagram) between network devices over a LAN or WAN. While IP takes care of handling the actual delivery of the data (routing), TCP takes care of keeping track of the individual units of data (called packets) that a message is divided into for efficient delivery over the network. TCP is known as a “connection oriented” protocol due to requiring the receiver of a packet to return an acknowledgment of receipt to the sender of the packet resulting in transmission control.

TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) - The basic communication language or set of protocols for communications over a network (developed specifically for the Internet). TCP/IP defines a suite or group of protocols and not only TCP and IP.

Telnet - A terminal emulation protocol commonly used on the Internet and TCP/IP-based networks. It allows a user at a terminal or computer to log onto a remote device and run a program.

TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) - A version of the TCP/IP FTP protocol that has no directory or password capability.

Static IP Address - A permanent IP address that is assigned to a node in a TCP/IP network.

Appendix D: Finding the MAC Address and IP Address for Your Ethernet Adapter

This section describes how to find the MAC address for your computer's Ethernet adapter so you can use the MAC address change feature of the BF-440/480. You can also find the IP address of your computer's Ethernet adapter. This IP address is used for the BF-440/480's configuration. Follow the steps in this appendix to find the adapter's MAC or IP address in Windows 98, Me, 2000, or XP.

1. Click **Start** and **Run**. In the *Open* field, enter **cmd**. Press the **Enter** key or click the **OK** button.
2. At the command prompt, enter **ipconfig /all**. Then press the **Enter** key.
3. Write down the Physical Address as shown on your computer screen (Figure D-1); it is the MAC address for your Ethernet adapter. This appears as a series of numbers and letters. The MAC address/Physical Address is what you will use for MAC address changing.

The example in Figure D-1 shows the Ethernet adapter's IP address as 192.168.168.100. Your computer may show something different.

```

命令提示字元
C:\Documents and Settings\Chang>
C:\Documents and Settings\Chang>
C:\Documents and Settings\Chang>
C:\Documents and Settings\Chang>ipconfig /all

Windows IP Configuration

    Host Name . . . . . : eric
    Primary Dns Suffix . . . . . :
    Node Type . . . . . : Unknown
    IP Routing Enabled. . . . . : Yes
    WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . : Yes

Ethernet adapter 區域連線:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
    Description . . . . . : National Semiconductor DP83815-Based
    PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter
    Physical Address. . . . . : 00-0D-9D-85-0C-E6
    Dhcp Enabled. . . . . : No
    IP Address. . . . . : 192.168.168.100
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . :
  
```

Figure E-1 MAC Address/Physical Address